

I9 MAUTHAUSEN (A)

Mauthausen concentration camp in Upper Austria was one of the biggest in the Third Reich - with more than 200,000 prisoners, mainly Soviet PoWs, Jews and political prisoners. About 100,000 people died there between 1938 and 1945. Among the 500 Roma victims was the father of Karl Stojka, who was one of the first Roma to be deported to the camp in 1939. In 1994 Karl Stojka unveiled a memorial plaque on the site of the former concentration camp.



1960

2001

1994

💡 Did you know

... that many of the inmates died in the nearby quarries run by the SS?

... that prisoners who were too weak to carry the heavy stones were shot on the spot?

✍ For you to do

Find out whether the genocide of the Roma and Sinti is commemorated in your area or country and if so, how.

📷 The photo

The unveiling of the first memorial plaque for the victims of the genocide of the Roma and Sinti at the former Mauthausen concentration camp by Rudolf Sarközi, Karl Stojka and Mongo Stojka (from the left) on 27 April 1994. Documentation Centre of Austrian Roma, Vienna, Austria.



<https://www.romasintigenocide.eu/en/i>