H11 LODZ (PL)

The first mass deportations of Roma and Sinti from Austria to Poland began in November 1941. They were taken to the Jewish ghetto in Litzmannstadt/Łódz[′]. Out of a total of 5,007 people, mainly from the Austrian province of Burgenland, 60 per cent were children under the age of twelve. 12,630 deportees died of typhoid fever during the first few weeks and were buried in mass graves. Around Christmas 1941, the survivors were sent north to the Chełmno/Kulmhof extermination camp.



Q Did you know

... that Łódz' was renamed Litzmannstadt by the German occupation authorities in 1939? ... that it has not been possible to identify the victims of the Litzmannstadt "Gypsy" camp? ... that most of the children deported to this camp were sent there without their parents?

For you to do

Do you know of any cases of unaccompanied minors living in camps today? Who looks after them?

The photo

A building in the "Gypsy" camp in the former Litzmannstadt ghetto in Łódz², Poland. Holocaust Memorial Museum, Washington, Washington D.C., USA.



1951

1941-42

https: //www.romasintigenocide. eu/en/h

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