

E7 Partisan

In 1942, Josef Serynek was deported with his wife and children to the "Gypsy" camp in Lety u Písku. After his wife and children had died in 1943, he fled the camp and joined the partisans. He managed to set up a group of resistance fighters called "Divison Čapajev", made up mostly of escaped Russian prisoners of war. Josef Serynek - better known as the Black Partisan - became one of his country's most decorated resistance fighters. He died in 1974.



1910



💡 Did you know

... that many Roma and Sinti were active in the resistance? Many had won medals and honours in the First World War and therefore knew how to fight.

... that during the Second World War, many Roma women fought as soldiers and partisans?

📝 Your task

What is the difference between a partisan and a soldier? Were there partisans fighting in your country during the Second World War or later? Who did they fight against?

📷 About the photo

Postwar photograph of Josef Serynek (second left). Museum of Roma Culture, Brno, Czech Republic



<https://romasintigenocide.eu/en/e>